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Session Report:

In these to session we focused on the language design principles and its purposes.

Following is the result of our debates:

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We are going to design an educational (and simple) language. So we try to:

1. Reduce exception conditions in the language. (The language rules should be consistent and pervasive).
2. Use meaningful, clean and simple modifiers for each language concept.
3. Place some redundant keywords in the language to increase error detection.
4. Check most of thing at compile time (as most as possible).
5. Reduce conceptual redundancy the in language and put a clean way for each of our programmers needs.
6. Let programmer to put asserts, invariants and ... in his/her code.

Our language should be a pure pretty object oriented language, so:

1. The language doesn't permit to have any non-class based code.
2. Garbage collector is responsible for objects life.
3. Primitive types are also class, and we do not discriminate between types and classes. (Type and Class are two synonym concept here)
4. Class scope methods (static methods) can only be called via class name. (Calling these methods via object identifiers is forbidden)
5. Constructor is assumed as a class scope method.
6. There are some built-in classes that handle some of language tasks. (i.e. DEBUG, RUNTIME, COMPILER classes)
7. We may support type parameterization (Generic Class) in the language to reduce casts.

JellyJ should be quasi with one of popular languages, Java was chosen for this purpose, so:

1. We try to preserve java syntax (and even concepts) as well as possible. (But in many cases we have to change them!)
2. Should be possible to compile JellyJ codes to standard JVM bytecode.

In other words:

We are trying to design a pretty, educational, pure object oriented Java!!!

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